

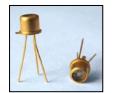
# ROITHNER LASERTECHNIK GIRDH

WIEDNER HAUPTSTRASSE 76 IO40 VIENNA AUSTRIA TEL. +43 I 586 52 43 -0, FAX. -44, OFFICE@ROITHNER-LASER.COM



## LED19

### **TECHNICAL DATA**



### **Mid-Infrared Light Emitting Diode**

Light Emitting Diodes with central wavelength 1.95 µm series are based on heterostructures grown on GaSb substrates by LPE. Solid solutions GaInAsSb are used in the active layer. Wide band gap solid solutions AlGaAsSb with Al content 64% are used for good electron confinement. LED19 has a stable ouput power and a lifetime more then 80000 hours.

### **Specifications**

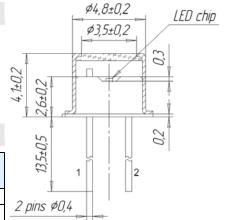
- Structure:
- Peak Wavelength:
- Optical Output Power:
- Package:

GalnAsSb/AlGaAsSb

typ. 1.95 µm typ. 1 mW qCW

TO-18

with cap and window

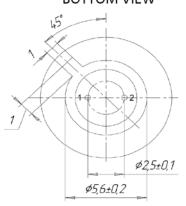


### 1 - LED cathode 2 - LED anode

### Absolute Maximum Ratings ( $T_A$ =25°C)

| Item                      | Condition                                | Value |      |      | Unit  |
|---------------------------|------------------------------------------|-------|------|------|-------|
|                           |                                          | Min.  | Тур. | Max. | Oilit |
| Peak Wavelength           | T=300 K                                  | 1.90  | 1.95 | 1.99 | μm    |
| FWHM                      | 150 mA qCW                               | 100   | 150  | 200  | nm    |
| Quasi-CW<br>Optical Power | 200 mA qCW                               | 0.8   | 1.0  | 1.2  | mW    |
| Pulsed<br>Optical Power   | 1 A, f=1 kHz,<br>duty cycle<br>0.1%      | 20    | 25   | 30   | mW    |
| Switching Time            | T=300 K                                  | 10    | 20   | 30   | ns    |
| Operation Voltage         | 200 mA qCW                               | 0.5   | -    | 1.5  | V     |
| Operating Temperature     | -200 +50                                 |       |      |      | °C    |
| Emitting Area             | 300 x 300                                |       |      |      | μm    |
| Soldering<br>Temperature  | 180                                      |       |      |      | °C    |
| Package                   | TO-18, with non-removeable cap and windo |       |      |      | dow   |

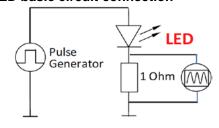
### **BOTTOM VIEW**



(Unit: mm)

### **Operation Instructions**

• LED basic circuit connection



 We recommend to use one of our drivers and evaluation boards designed for those Mid-IR LEDs

D-11, D-31, D-31M DLT-27, DLT-37 mD-1c, mD-1p

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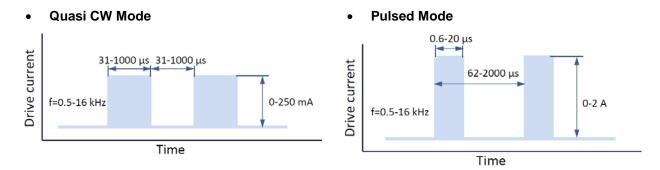
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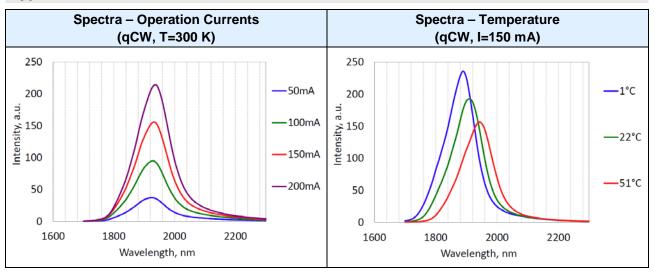


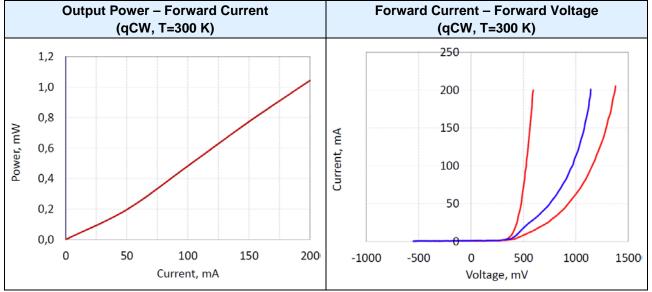
We recommend to use **Quasi Continuous Wave (qCW) mode** with duty cycle 50% or 25% to obtain maximum average optical power and short **Pulse mode** to obtain maximum peak power.

Hard CW (continues wave) mode is NOT recommended.



### Typical Performance Curves



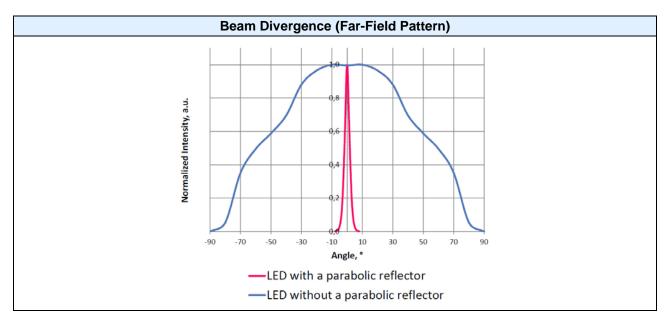




# ROITHNER LASERTECHNIK GMBH

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**Note:** The above specifications are for reference purpose only and subjected to change without prior notice.

### Precaution for Use

### 1. Cautions

- Check your connection circuits before turning on the LED.
- Observe the LED polarity: LED anode is marked with a RED dot.

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DO NOT connect the LED to the multimeter!

### 2. Soldering Conditions

- DO NOT apply any stress to the lead particularly when heat.
- After soldering the LEDs should be protected from mechanical shock or vibration until the LEDs return to room temperature.
- When it is necessary to clamp the LEDs to prevent soldering failure, it is important to minimize the mechanical stress on the LEDs.

### 3. Static Electricity

- The LEDs are very sensitive to Static Electricity and surge voltage. So it is recommended that a wrist band and/or an antielectrostatic glove be used when handling the LEDs.
- All devices, equipment and machinery must be grounded properly. It is recommended that precautions should be taken against surge voltage to the equipment that mounts the LEDs.



### 4. Heat Generation

- Thermal design of the end product is of paramount importance. Please consider the heat generation of the LED when making the system design. The coefficient of temperature increase per input electric power is affected by the thermal resistance of the circuit board and density of LED placement on the board, as well as other components. It is necessary to avoid intense heat generation and operate within the maximum ratings given in the specification.
- The operating current should be decided after considering the ambient maximum temperature of LEDs.